suits to flow from a rigid adherence to party lines.

"I say that every man, on a purely sectional question, like white supremacy, is a traitor and a renegade who does not stand by his own section and his own people. I assert that it is almost a crime for any party to make great, broad, non-political American measures, involving the political and commercial development of the nation, the test of party featty issues essential to the maintenance of the honor and prestige of the nation are too vital to be relegated to the piane of partisan and sectional contention. Out of changed industrial and economic conditions have grown great national questions pertaining to the material interest of the country, which must be connational questions pertaining to the material interest of the country, which must be considered and settled by that silent force, the reserved patriotism of the people.

Mr. McLaurin told how he had supported silver in 1896 and had believed in it, and

free silver in 1898 and had believed in it, and ad is i. The discovery of gold in the Klondike, the influx of money from abroad seeking investment, and the increase in bunking facilities, for the time at least, have settled the money question, and nobody but a fool would make a free silver speech now. Instead of a depleted treasury, there is in it to-day the largest amount of gold in the history of the country, and actually the Secretary of the Treasury a few weeks ago, deposited money in a Spartanburg bank, something that has never been done before in the history of our Sitte. I have been listening for somebody to cry out Republicanism! because I was instrumental in beginning a movement which I hope in the future may enable our farmers and merchants to secure money at a lower

ints to secure money at a lower Senator said that for believing that The Senator said that for believing that here are questions higher than party questions, he had been slandered, maligned, resecuted and ridiculed. He said that in his career as Senator there were only two questions to be considered, whether he was mistaken as to his own honesty, he said.

We interests are ineeparably interwoven.

canger in the rest are in some honesty, he said.

As to his own honesty, he said is now honesty, he said.

My interests are inseparably interwoven with the interest of my state, no good concerned to hone to with the interest of my state, no good concerned to hone to hold file and any one to he hard road in higher the condition of the country of the corner and common to hold office.

I had pretty good titelage and all listing in the sample of the country and could of it again in my early and could of it against the country of the country of

stand upon my public record; why, spould I fear any tribunal here below? ly wish that my life as a man was as sin-and free from reproach as it is as your

then, should I fear any tribunal here below? I only wish that my life as a man was as sinless and free from reproach as it is as your public servant."

Mr McLaurin spoke of his friendship with President McKinley. He said he counted it one of the great honors of his life. He said the President had consulted Senators Morgan, Sullivan, McEnery and other Democrats as to appointments to office, just as the President had consulted him. Mr. McLaurin then discussed the wisdom of his political course, He told how he advocated, as a Representative, a duty on rice and lumber and other products of the South and had won enthusiastic praise throughout his State. He said that brought prosperity to the South He called attention to the coming competition is cotton with Egypt, and said this country needed protestion from that.

Then Senator McLaurin told of his vote for the Spanish treaty. He said that at first he did not "draw the distinction between expansion and imperialism," and he added:

"On Sunday afternoon, the day before the treaty was to be voted upon, the news was flashed over the wires that our troops had been fired upon by the very people whom we had freed from the tyranuv of Spanish oppression. This presented an entirely new situation, and before I had finished reading the 'extra' the correspondent of the New York St v called at my house before I had consulted with any human being, and I expressed this opinion, as the files of the newspapers will show One meanth of delay might mean serious consequences to the people of the I nited States. It must be remembered that Spain had the sympathy of ent re Europe, and after the battle of Manila, noth as until the tact of Dewe and the attitude or hadrand prevented us from being forced into a war for which we were totally unprepared. To defeat the treaty meant that a state of war, but a mere insurrection and despress other nations of an excuse for interference.

It seems to me, any way, no matter that the situation or causes may be, that the only position for a man to take wh

and the state of t

M'LAURIN ON HIS COURSE.

SOUTH CAROLINA SENATOR STARTS HIS
CARPAIGN FOR RESILECTION.

Larpa Attendance at the Opening Meeting in General Conference of the Country of the C

it was alleged, the senior Senator was connected. He touched lightly on State affairs, but defended his course all niong the line since being in Congress.

He became a reformer in 1890, he said, to obtain the objects of the farmers' movement, independent thought and action of the people in political affairs. He said:

"The leader of that movement [Tillman] has not been content for it to be complete, but has attempted more than once to diotate who should and who should not be elected to office. Men who suppose that the movement of 1890 was a mere efferivescence to give office to a favored few are crossed who betrayed and prostitude of south and the content in the comment of 1890 was a mere efferivescence to give office to a favored few are crossed who betrayed and prostitude of the content in the content of the content of the content in the content of the people have been disenthrialed and enlightened, and will never be satisfied with anything less than free thought, free speech, a lair bailt of and the rule of the people.

"It is the province and duity of a Representative to study all important public dues from a judgment as to the majority. As for myself, I acknowledge no master save the soverstin people, speaking at the bailt box, and I refuse to obey the dictates of any political boxe, other in or outside of South Carolina. This is my conception of the right, duties and position of a Senator involving on great national issues I have considered the best interests of the South and the country rather than the impractical results to flow from a right adherence to party life and the people what is reputied to be the majority. As for myself, I acknowledge no master save the soverstin people, speaking at the bailton, and I refuse to obey the dictates of any political boxe, other in or outside of South Carolina. This is my conception of the right of the people and the

THE SOUTH'S HEAVY RAINS. Many Railroad Bridges Swept Away and Trafac Severely Crippled. RICHMOND, Va., May 22.—The rain torrents

in Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee did great damage yesterday and continued in enormous quantities to-day in southwest Virginia. The Methodist Church at Bassetts, Henry county, was swept away with other

Many trestles on the Danville and Western, and Norfolk and Western are gone and several important bridges wrecked. Two drownings are reported.

CHATTANOGGA, Tenn., May 22,-The numerous streams of east Tennessee are on a rainpage and there has been loss of life and property at many places. The greatest damage has been done at the headwaters of the Tennessee River. A waterspout burst of the Tennessee River. A waterspoit burst upon that region and the waters rushed down in a sweeping flood upon the inhabitants without warning. Every bridge in Green county, across the Chuckey River, is gone. Several of the farmers at Buckingham Ford and Allen's Bridge were rescued from second-story windows. The entire family of Joe Hill, colored, who lives on Tipley farm, were caught in their home and drowned. They numbered five. Other deaths are reported. The Chuckey River rose ten feet in thirty minutes.



12 styles of Derbies - light weight Spring Derbies. 24 styles of Alpines.

As many more caps.

Straw hats, as yet uncounted. Now you can figure how large the hat business, and how sure a becoming hat.

Boys' wash suits that washsizes 3 to 9; \$1.25.

Light weight overcoats when you need them. Sack suits. Any and everything man or boy wears.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY. was a small and petty part for Senators to play "It is charged that my vote ratified the treaty and stopped the war. If so, I am proud of the fact, and I am thankful that 258 Broadway, cor. Warren, and 7 am 9 Warren St. 1260 Broadway, cor. 32d, and 34 Wesi 33d St.

be away for the greater part of the summer. and Mrs. William Metoalf Bliss and Mrs. George T. Bliss, widow of the son of the late Georg e Bliss, for many years Gov. Norton's partner: Elliot Danforth and his wife who will be abroad until October, Mr. and Mrs. W. Eutler Duncan, who will spend about two months in England, Germany and France, returning to pass the rest of the summer at Bar Harbor: C. Raoul-Duval, who was largely responsible for the American debut of Count Bont de Castellane: Mrs. Robert Emmet, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel B. Fearing of Boston and Newport, William H. Gelshenen, President of the Garfield National Bank, and his family R. Suydam Grant, the broker: Prince Hassan, a cousin of the Khedive of Egypt; Mr. and Edward Kemp, Mr and Mrs. William M Laffan, Major David A Lyle of the Ordnance Department, U. S. A : Peter Marié, still a bachelor and eligible. Dr. and Mrs. Duncan McKun of Washington, W B Oliver, one of the heaviest of Wall Street traders, and Mrs Oliver, Dr. and Mrs. Parkhurst, Mr and Mrs. Clarence H. Postley and Miss Elise Postley Mr. and Mrs. Percy R. Pyne, Albert R. Shattuck, a son-in-law of the late Mayor Strong Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer, Mrs. Anson Phelps Stokes, the Misses Caroline and Mildred and Mr. Harold Stokes, Mr. and Mrs. Clement Studebaker, Mr and Mrs J. Hobart Warren and former United States Senator

Edward O. Wolcott of Colorado When Dr Parkhurst was asked where he was going and what he was going to do, he said.

waid "We are going to the Pyrenees first and we shall probably do some dimbing. After that we shall work our way to Switzerland and spend the summer in our cottage there. As to municipal politice, there isn't much to be said yet. The situation hasn't crystallized. If a good Democrat be nominated for Mayor, however, the Tammany ticket will, I think, be beaten. I say a good Democrat rather than a good Republican, because New York is a Democraticity. It would strain the civic patriotism of a fower number of our voters if a Democratic were nominated than a Kepubpatriotism of a fewer number of our voters if a Democrat were nominated than a Republican One thing that will seriously affect the success of any reform ticket though, is that so many of our people believe that reformers will interfere with their drinking on Sunday. There is something in this. I feel that something ought to be done to conciliate that very large class in our population who demand that, if they want to drink on Sunday, they may do so without being interfered with I think this ought to be done, since the saloons will be open on Sunday, in spite of the city government.

The Hon Elliot Danforth, when asked for his views on politics and other things, said: "Mrs Danforth and I will be abroad until October. We are going to England. France, Germany, Norway, Sweden and the Derby We're going to the Derby if we don't go anywhere else, and I'd be much obliged if I could get a sure-thing tip. How about politics? Oh, there isn't any. There may be a little here in New York, but I'm a countryman and don't know city ways. As to the Mayor, I hope a Democrat will win How about that for a diplomatic observation?

Mr Danforth was asked by a friend just before the ship sailed if he thought Mr, Hill would be a candidate for the Presidency in 1904. For reply Mr Danforth said:

"Senator Hill is in no sense a candidate for the Presidency and I am authorized to save so. Whether he could be induced to accept the office or not is another question. I very much doubt if he could be induced to "Prince Hassan was probably in the best spirits of anybody on the ship. "I'm ref a Democrat were nominated than a Repub-

in this city the day was closely average himsely, and to be not of politics and free to go where it please, when I please state rooms that had heen engage when I please state rooms that had heen engage the most will an C. Whitney, who changed the most state of the state of the

The Oceanic was scheduled to sail at 9 o'clock At ten seconds after 9, the gang planks were hauled ashore. At 903 the big ship was moving out into the river and myriads of American flags in the hands of those crowding along the port ruil were waved back to the waving flags on the pier, while the Union Jack flapped lazily at the taffrail

Ordinations on Trinity Sunday.

The Prinity ordinations into the ministry of the Episcopal Church for the Diocese of New York will be held on Trinity Sunday, June 2, in the crypt of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, by Bishop Potter.

GREAT LIBRARY FOR BROWN. Collection of the Late John Nicholas Brown

With \$650,000 Given to the University. PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 22. - The trustees of the John Carter Brown Library, acting under the provisions of the will of the late John Nicholas Brown, have decided to present the library with its \$650,000 endowment to Brown University. Papers are now being drawn up and the formal offer will be made to the corporation of the university at their annual meeting on June 20. This disposal of a great property is believed to be in fulfilment of the intentions of John Nicholas Brown and has the cordial approval of the family.

SHE CAN'T VOTE IN CALIFORNIA.

The Fact That She Pays Taxes Doesn't Give Her the Right, Judge Sloss Says.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22 - Judge M. C. Sloss -day decided that women are not entitled to the right of suffrage in California. He had before him the application of Mrs. Ellen C. Sargent, widow of ex-Senator Sargent and a a prominent advocate of women's rights, for a writ of mandate to compel the election commission to place her name upon the roll of voters within this city and county. In the event of the failure of the commission to permit her to exercise the right to vote she asked that the taxes collected from her during the past year be returned upon the theory that taxation without representation is unconstitutional. Both her demands were denied.

POLICEMEN GUARD A STREET.

Brooklyn Neighborhood Feared That Rapid Transit Co. Was Going to Steal a March.

Five flat cars loaded with rails and switches rom the yards of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit ompany and accompanied by a gang of aborers stood for several hours yesterday on a siding in the Park Plaza in Flatbush avenue, near Ninth, and their presence there started a report that the company was about to begin the construction of the proposed line through Union street from Ninth avenue, the right of way of which has been held up in the courts for several years. The railroad officials who had charge of the cars refused to talk, but some of the laborers said that they were going to lay switches from the Ninth avenue line into Union street just as soon as it was dark.

Some of the property owners became alarmed and had policemen stationed on the Plaza with instructions to prevent any switch laying without a permit from the Commissioner of Highways as well as from the Park Commissioner. At 6 o'clock last evening the flat cars, still loaded, were brought back to the yards and the gang of laborers was also withdrawn, but the police have instructions to remain on guard all night. n a siding in the Park Plaza in Flatbush

CORRETT'S SALOON MUST GO With Other Tenderloin Landmarks in the Block

-Skyscraper Going Up There. All the tenants in the block between Thirty. third and Thirty-fourth streets, on the west side of Broadway, extending 150 feet west a cousin of the Khedive of Egypt. Mr. and on the north side of Thirty-third street and Mrs. Joseph Blackley Hoyt, Mr. and Mrs. go feet west on the south side of Thirty-fourth street, received notice yesterday from H. H. Ammann & Co. of 51 Liberty street that hey must vacate the premises within sixty days from June ! This is the block on which the new ten-story

In is the block on which the law tell-solly uliding, to be occupied by Andrew Saks Co., clothing dealers, is to be built.

Among the places that will have to be given p are Marsh's restaurant in Thirty-fourth treet, Wilson's drug store, which is one of the landmarks of the Tenderion; Jim Corett's saloon, and several cigar stores.

DR. BABCOCK CARRIED MEDICINES. May Have Found the Poison in His Pocket Surgical Outfit.

According to a member of the Brick Church. the late Dr. Babcock was equipped by a nedical friend of his before he sailed for the medical friend of his beloff he sailed for the East with a pocket surgical outfit and a small medicine chest. This may explain where he got the disinfectant with which he poisoned himself (corrosive sublimate) as well as the knife with which he out his wrist.

"POCO" BENNETT SHUT OUT. Money Lender Will No Longer Be Permitted to Do Business With Harvard Boys.

May 22 - Barnard B nett, the Harvard old clothes man, known kind or another ever since the present route garia over the Macedonian question He as "Poco," will no longer be a familiar sight about Harvard Square—Last evening Mayor Dickinson vetoed the junk collector's license, granted to Bennett by the Aldernon a week

Gen. Butt Upholds Col. Drer.

Col George Dyer of the Twelfth Regiment called upon Brig -Gen Butt on Tuesday evening in order to explain the incident last week at Creedmoor when Col Dyer tore the chevrons off the uniforms of ill-behaving non-commissioned officers who were sub-sequently discharged from the service. Gen Butt said after the meeting. "I heartily support Col Dyer in all he did

"I heartily support Col. Dyer in all he did at Creedmoor. I have heard from his own lips the story of the incident and have not one word of criticism to offer. There is per-fect accord between the First Brigade headquarters and the Colonel of the Twelfth Regiment.

The Weather.

The southern storm moved northward yesterday to the Lake Regions after causing heavy rains in

rain to-day probably fair to-morrow; fresh to brisk John Tod has declared officially forfeited

Wyckoff, Seamans @ Benedict

327 Broadway, New York Telephone 2080 Franklin.

VIBRATION.

New Mechanical Massage: Non-electric,
114 European Institutes permanently cure Rheumaism. Obesity, Fleatness, Insomnia, Nervous Lisasses, Weakness, Non-organie Heart, Ridgey and
Liver troubles. First American Vibration Institute
Albert Fuch's System), 1931 Broadway, corner
55th, cordially invites physicians and afflicted. Free
consultation, demonstration and pamphlet. Trial

NEW MOUNT SINAI BEGUN: CORNERSTONE OF THE HOSPITAL LAID YESTERDAY AFTERNOON.

Addresses by Seth Low, Randolph Guggenheimer and Edward Lauterbach-There Will Be Ten Buildings in a Group When the Present Building Operations Are Completed

The cornerstone of the new Mount Sinai Hospital at Fifth avenue and 100th street was laid yesterday. A great temporary amphitheatre had been erected on the site of the new hospital and it was filled with officers and friends of the hospital. The ceremonies began at 3 o'clock with music by the Hebrew Orphan Asylum Band. There was a prayer by the Rev. Dr. Gotthell. Gov. Odell was to have made an address, but he sent a message regretting his inability to leave Albany. President of the Municipal Council Randolph Guggenheimer spoke as the representative of the city government

He said in part: "The history of the Mount Sinai Hospital challenges the admiration of the people of this city, who are possessed of that keen instinct which recognizes the value of a philanthropic institution of this character. Our people's message to the world has often been misinterpreted and their motives have been undeservedly impugned, yet to-day, as in every stage of their history, they cherish with passionate fidelity their belief in the sacredness of human life and their determination to increase its happiness and power

That ideal is discernible everywhere in our therature and has left its influence upon the thought of the modern world."

President Seth Low of Columbia university commented on the growth of the city to the northward as marked by the moving of public institutions toward the Harlem from downtown, as for example the University of which he is President and the hospital President Low said that the first impulse for a public hospital in New York came from Columbia in 1759. In conclusion he said:

"To me it is a pleasing feature of this occasion that the managers of the Mount Sinal Hospital have invited a man who is a Christian to deliver this address. It illustrates one of the happiest features of our times. I count it not the least of the services which our hospitals have invited a man who is a christian to deliver this address. It count it not the least of the services which our hospitals have rendered to this community that not one of them asks, when a sick or wounded person is brought to its doors, whether he is Jew or Gentils, Protestant or Catholic. It is enough for every hospital that he is a man in need of help, and help is given without stint, according to the full measure of the hospital's ability. To the new Mount Sinai Hospital I bring the greetings of Columbia University and of the citizens of New York; and to those to whom the conduct of the hospital is entrusted I give the best wishes of all who are interested in the things that make for the welfare of the city."

Isaac Stern presented to Isaac Wallach,

in the things that make for the welfare of the city."

Isaac Stern presented to Isaac Wallach, the President of the hospital, a silver trowel, with which Mr Wallach smoothed the mortar for the setting of the cornerstone, and tapping the stone, declare it well and truly laid. Set into the stone is a bronze reproduction of the seal of the hospital.

Edward Lauterbach spoke on the non-sectarian work of the hospital, and said that he was proud to say that Christians and Hebrews worked together to help build the new hospital, just as the hospital was open to the sick and injured of all creeds. Dr A Jacobi, President of the Medical Board of the hospital spoke on the duty of the physician to the community and the usefulness of hospitals in the training of physicians.

The hospital is to consist of ten buildings, all of which will be connected by underground passages and by bridges between floors. Diseases of the same general nature will be grouped in the different buildings, so that every ward will be in, effect, an isolated ward.

ESLER WANTS TO BUILD A TUNNEL. Nobody Seems to Object - R. T. Brooklyn Tunnel Will Move Right On.

At their meeting to-day the Rapid Transit commissioners will be informed officially of the approval by the Municipal Assembly of their plans for a tunnel to Brooklyn, and they will move at once to make the other arrangements that are necessary before the contract can be advertised and let. The soney can be obtained at any time, and the Finance Department can sell the bonds as soon as it is necessary. It is the hope of the Commissioners that they will be able to open hids within the next six months, and they think that the real work may be begun by the first of October. Frederick B. Esler, who has appeared

of the Rapid Transit Commission was adopted. | blamed the Bulgarian Government for tolerannounced yesterday that he was going to ating the Macedonian Committee, which begin work at once on the tunnel projected | practically constituted a rival Government. in 1896 from the corner of Ann street and Park row to some point in Brooklyn In August, 1898, the Aldermen of the then

city of New York granted to the New York and Brooklyn Tunnel Company a franchise for a tunnel from this corner eastward under the East River as far as the jurisdiction of the city, which was the high-water mark on the Brooklyn side

Mr. Esler now says that he has taken counsel on the matter and that he has been assured that when the present city Charter went into effect the rights granted to the company in the franchise of 1896 were extended so that the company now has the right to build a unnel to the easternmost boundary of the Mr. Esler went to Albany on Monday and

Mr. Esler went to Albany on Monday and incorporated the Contract Company, which he says is to take the contract for the construction of the tunnel, and also to act as a go-between for the tunnel company and certain Englishmen, who, according to Esler, have formed the New York and Brooklyn Company. Limited, in London and have obligated themselves to take the bonds of the tunnel company to the amount of \$5,000,000. Having progressed so far Esler went to see James P. Keating, Commissioner of Highways, and obtained from him a permit to tear up South street between Fulton and Beekman streets for the purpose "of beginning the construction of a tunnel and railroad under the East River." The permission is good until to-night, and Esler said yesterday that his men would begin work to-day. Mr. Keating said yesterday that his men would begin work to-day. Mr. Keating said yesterday that he permit be granted was for the sinking of test holes only, and that if an attempt was made to do anything else the work would be stopped.

Ester said yesterday that his tunnel would consist of two tubes of steel and that the trains would be of six cars, driven by electricity and having a capacity of 350 passengers each. He said that the fare for the round trip would be five cents, and that trains would be run every two minutes.

SHUT OUT OF TEXAS. About 100 Corporations Forfeit Permits by Not Paying Franchise Tax.

Austin, Tex., May 22 - Secretary of State the permits of a hundred or more foreign corporations to do business in Texas for their failure to pay to the State the annual fran-For eastern Pennsylvania, Delaware, District of chise tax due on May 1, among them the following New York and Eastern companies: American Union Life Insurance Company, New York city American Fraternal Insurance Union, Buffalo: American and General Mortgage and Investment Corporation, Limcompany, Boston, Behemian Slavonic Benevolent Society of the United States of America, New York, Provident Association, Philadelphia; Connecticut Fire Unsurance Company, Hartford, Eagle Life Association, Winfield, Mass; Fidelity and Deposit Company, Baltimore, Fidelity Fire Insurance Company of Maryland, Baltimore, Germania Fire Insurance Company, New York, Mutual Life Insurance Company, New York, Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, New York City, Manhattan Fire Insurance Company, New York, Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, New York, Mutual Fidelity Company of Baltimore City, Baltimore; Merchants and Manufacturers' Warehousing Company, New York, National Fraternity, Philadelphia, North Gaiveston Improvement Company, Jersey City, New Amsterdam Casualty Company, New York, Texas Seaboard Lumber Company, New York, Texas Seaboard Lumber Company, New York, Union Fraternal League, Boston ited, London, Eng.; Boston Fire Insurance

To Arbitrate Bricklayers' Trouble. A meeting of the Executive Committee

of the bricklayers' unions was held last night at the Labor Lyceum, 64 East Fourth street, to consider a proposal from the mason buildto consider a proposal from the mason builders to submit all differences to a joint arbitration board. If the board cannot settle them it was proposed to submit the matters to an umpire selected by both parties. All that the committeemen would say after the meeting was that a sub-committee had been appointed with power to arbitrate. Head-quarters for the bricklayers will be opened to-day at 229 East Twenty-fourth street. W. & J. Sloane

Chinese and Japanese **Mattings**

We offer the widest range of choice, both as to design and color in our

Chinese and Japanese Mattings,

of which we are showing 250 designs imported for our own trade exclusively.

The quaint and artistic "Iniaid" Mattings are well represented."

Broadway & 19th Street.

WANTS HIS COURTING MONEY BACK. Disappointed Lover Sues the Woman Who

Jilted Him for Another. CUMBERLAND, Md., May 22 - Robert L Raines, a well-known Democratio candidate for the Legislature last year, and living in Harman near Elkins, has brought suit to recover money spent in courting a girl. He asks for \$27.02. Mrs. Arthur Gailey who was married after the alleged expendi tures had been made, is the defendant. Raines was enamored of Mrs. Gailey when she was engaged man he spent money that other-

wise he would have kept. Two weeks ago Miss Sartor told Raines that she had accepted Gailey. He thereupon demanded a repayment of the amount he had spent for "treats" as follows: Ice cream, \$10 40: oysters, \$5.00: church contri- I went out in the country and worked on a butions, \$1.82; Fourth of July dinner, \$2.25; jewelry, \$3.05; money loaned, \$5.00; total

RELARF FOR LONDON BROKERS. . S. Morgan & Co. Make a New Announcement as to Settlements.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN LONDON, May 23 - The Times says that with he view to ameliorating the strained situation in the market for American railroad securities here, caused by the difficulty in obtaining Northern Pacific common shares for delivery against sale contracts, J. S. Morgan & Co have intimated to those brokers who have the right to call from them shares against options maturing from the end of June to the end of October, that such options may be exercised at the approaching settlement on the payment of \$5 a share. This announcement has relieved some

brokers who were in a difficult position. It is hoped that other houses will follow this The situation remains very unsatisfactory

and cannot be allowed to exist for an indeffnite period, as seems to be fondly hoped in some quarters. Those who were unable to

one Balkans arising from the agitation in Bul-The Austro-Russian agreement in referand involve her position as a great Power.

to-day. They will undoubtedly be dismissal from the army and probably imprisonment for from one to four years.

MANY MORE ELECTION DISTRICTS. It's Proposed to Have About 950 Instead of

517 in Manhattan and The Bronx. Senator George W. Plunkitt, chairman of the Tammany Hall Committee on Election Officers, and Secretary George R. Manchester of the Republican County Committee are ollaborating on a scheme of redistricting the boroughs of Manhattan and The Bronx

WHIPPED WOMAN RETURNS. Lavinia White, Lashed by the Chief of Police

SUPPOLK, Va. May 22 - Lavinia White who was exiled from town in shame and whipped with a cowhide by Chief of Police

Ames, has returned, despite the fact the threat of 100 more stripes if she ever came back. To-night she is in prison having been held for court with her paramour, Not Ruffin. She is charged with being Ruffin's sentinel while he did a second-story robbery Miss Ella Sartor. According to his testi- in a Suffolk home last night. She was nearly mony she promised to marry him and as an a block from the scene of the crime. The woman said to-day:

"That whipping hurt me very much, but I did not make any outery. I would not have cried if they had given me five times as many What a dunce I was to submit to the whin ping. They have no right to beat a woman. truck farm for a while, when I got tired of the country and came back."

When asked about the hundred stripes he had promised if Lavinia ever came back,

Chief of Police Ames said: "No. I can't whip her now; she is a State prisoner, and I dare not touch her. Otherwise I would have given her the hundred lashes that were promised. These threats from the North have no effect on me. We are running this tour." this town.

Princeton Club Elects Officers. The Princeton Club held its annual Meeting

at the clubhouse, 32 East Thirty-fourth street, last night and elected the following officers: President, C. C. Cuyler, '79: Vice-President, John L. Cadwalder, '56: Treasurer, William C. Hill, '84: Secretary, Theodore F. Humph-rey, '94, Council Charles Scribner, '75: Tracey Harris, '86: Percy R. Pyne, '78, and Conrad Hewitts, '88.

Salaries of Postmasters Increased. WASHINGTON, May 22 .- The salary of the restmaster at Franklin, N. Y. has been increased from \$1,000 to \$1,100, and the salary of the postmaster at Freeport, N. Y. from \$1,500 to \$1,700

Army and Navy Orders.

warning of the threatening situation in Balkans arising from the agitation for promotion.

Washington, May 22—These army orders have been issued:

The Promotion Board at Port Monroe is dissolved and the following board appointed in its stead: Col. The Following board appointed in its stead: Col. Francis L. Guenther. Artillery Corps. Leut. Col. E. Van Arsdale Andrus. Artillery Corps. Capt. Willoughby Walke, Artillery Corps. Contract Surgeon Charles N. Barney and Capt. Heary D. Tood. Jr. Artillery Corps. corner First Lieuts William P. Pence. Edwin Landon, George T. Patterson, Roderick L. Carmichael, Thomas H. M. Many 22—In addressing the Hungarian Delegation to-day Count Coluchowski, Imperial Minister of Foreign Affairs, gave warning of the threatening situation in the Balkans arising from the agitation in Bul-

region lineary, to wear form to examination for promotion.

Second Lieut Wallace B. Scales, Sixth Cavalry, from this city to Fort Myer for temporary duity.

Leave of absence granted Major Luther B. Grandy,
Surgeon, extended fifteen days.

Capt Lewis M. Koehler, Fourth Cavalry, detailed as recorder of the Examining Board at Fort Leaven worth; vice Second Lieut, James D. Reams, First Infantry, relieved. ence to the near East had hitherto, he said. Second Lieut James M. Jewell, recently appointed, operated to calm the political situation, assigned to the Fourteenth Cavalry at Fort Leaven operated to calm the political situation, but he seriously warned his hearers that it was impossible to rely upon it as a panacea against surprises. There were disquieting symptoms that necessitated increased watchfulness. Austria desired no extension of her territory, but she could not allow changes which would threaten her vital interests and involve her position as a great Power.

Courts-Hartial Verdicts at Manila To-day.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

MANILA. May 28.—The verdicts of the courts-martial in the cases of Lieut. Boyer and Capt. Barrows, who are accused of complicity in the commissary frauds, are expected.

Note that the courts of the courts. They will undoubtedly be dismissed.

sity
Contract Surgeon Aristides Agramonte, relieved as
a member of the board to investigate infectious discases in Cuba and ordered to Havana.
First Leut Paul W Harrison, Forty seventh Infantry, honorably discharged.

These naval orders have been issued: These naval orders have been issued:
Lieut. B. W. Wells, Jr., to the Kearsarge.
Lieut. F. D. Karns, from the Massachusetts to
home and wait orders.
Lieut. M. L. Bulstoi, from the Washington yard
to the Massachusetts.
Ensign D. W. Wurtsbaugh, to torpedo station for
course of instruction.
These changes among officers on the Asiatic Station have been made by hear Admiral Kodgers.
Commander Harry Knox, to command the Concord.
Commander William Swift, to command the Prince
ton.
Commander Charles G. Bowman, to command the
Don Juan de Austria.

the boroughs of Manhattan and The Bronz as to election districts in order to accommodate the election district lines to the new of post of Aldermen and to do away whether of election districts in Manhattan and The Bronz from \$17.000 for each election. All voters who are enrolled and who live in election districts which are to be divided will be notified of their new polling places so that shey will be able to take part in the September primaries. The Board of Election Commissaners will meet on Eridav to consider this new apportionment of election districts.

Deputy Naval Officer Corey Resigns.

G. J. Corey has resigned his \$2,500 a year job as deputy naval officer of the port of New York to become vice-president and general manager of the Moore Electrolytic Company of Boston, of which Josiah Quincy is President. The resignation is to take effect on June 1.

Sarah Bernhardt The great French Actress and woman, is so

pleased with the delicate bouquet and flavor of SEAL" America's Best CHAMPAGNE

that she wrote to a friend:

"I find the Urbana Wine Co.'s Gold Seal Champagne excellent, in fact equal to many French Champagnes. It surprises me that such a fine wine can be produced in America."

> Variabenhand New York, April 7, 1901.

where at half the price of French wine. URBANA WINE CO., Urbana, N. Y., Sole Makers

GOLD SEAL is served in every first-class cafe and club and sold every